Posters

- P01 Retrograde IFT complex component defect causes slow, progressive photoreceptor degeneration due to inefficient opsin transport Meriam Boubakri (Osaka University, Japan)
- **P02** NPHP3 controls a length of B-tubule of the axoneme of renal cilia Lin Chen (Kyoto Prefectural University of Medicine, Japan)
- P03 The loss of the *Aspm* function causes severe microcephaly in the mice with the induced outer subventricular zone progenitor-like cells Ikumi Fujita (RIKEN Center for Developmental Biology, Japan)
- P04 Development of super-spatiotemporal resolution microscopy toward understanding of ciliary diffusion barrier Takahiro Fujiwara (Kyoto University, Japan)
- P05 Sensation of pericardial fluid flow through the primary cilia during epicardium development
 Hajime Fukui (National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center Research Institute, Japan)
- P06 Differential roles of KIF17 and heterotrimeric kinesin-II interacting with the IFT-B complex in biogenesis of primary cilia Teruki Funabashi (Kyoto University, Japan)
- P07 The role of the kinase NEK7 in G1 progression, procentriole formation and ciliogenesis Akshari Gupta (National Institute of Genetics, Japan)
- P08C. elegans GTAP-3 plays a critical role at the late step of centriole
assembly by recruiting γ-tubulin to centrioles
Nami Haruta (Tohoku University, Japan)
- P09 Dynamic interaction between cartwheel and triplet microtubules establishes the nine-fold symmetry of the centriole

Masafumi Hirono (Hosei University, Japan)

- P10 ApoER2 controls neuronal migration in the intermediate zone and termination of migration in the developing cerebral cortex Yuki Hirota (Keio University School of Medicine, Japan)
- P11Plk4 regulates centriolar satellite integrity and promotes
ciliogenesis through PCM1 phosphorylation
Akiko Hori (Nishi) (Nara Institute of Science and Technology, Japan)
- **P12** Node-specific dynein arm formation in the mouse embryo Takahiro Ide (RIKEN Center for Developmental Biology, Japan)
- P13 Calaxin is essential for ciliary formation in nodal monocilia but not in sperm flagella or epithelial multicilia Kazuo Inaba (University of Tsukuba, Japan)
- P14 Opposite mechanisms to control cilia length depending on the interacting proteins of Rab8 Tomohiko Iwano (University of Yamanashi, Japan)
- P15 Overall architecture of the intraflagellar transport (IFT)-B complex revealed by a visible immunoprecipitation assay Yohei Katoh (Kyoto University, Japan)
- P16 Mechanism of dynein-mediated bipolar spindle maintenance in human cells Tomomi Kiyomitsu (Nagoya University, Japan)
- P17 HDAC2 promotes loss of primary cilia in pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma Tetsuo Kobayashi (Nara Institute of Science and Technology, Japan)
- P18 Selenium-supplementation at varying stages of periconception period: influence on murine blastocyst morphology and implantation status

Mark Anthony Catedral Mamon (De La Salle University, Philippines)

P19 PLK1-dependent phosphorylation of WDR62, a causative gene product for primary microcephaly, maintains mitotic spindle orientation

Tatsuo Miyamoto (Hiroshima University, Japan)

- P20 Characterization of calcium dynamics that initiate left-right asymmetry in the node of mouse embryo Katsutoshi Mizuno (RIKEN Center for Developmental Biology, Japan)
- P21 Hypoxemia Induces Adult Mammalian Heart Regeneration Yuji Nakada (The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, USA)
- P22 Modulation of flagellar motility during phototactic turning in Chlamydomonas Masako Nakajima (Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan)
- P23 A comparative genomic analysis suggests co-evolution of spermspecific three proteins for the flagellar beat regulation in eukaryotes: CatSper, sNHE and sAC Takuya Nishigaki (Institute of Biotechnology, National Autonomous University of Mexico, Mexico)
- P24 Arl13b-dependant localization of INPP5E within cilia maintains ciliary retrograde protein trafficking Shohei Nozaki (Kyoto University, Japan)
- P25 A computational study of nodal flow: stress field and membrane tension of nodal cilia Toshihiro Omori (Tohoku University, Japan)
- P26 Shortening of primary cilia length by melanin-concentrating hormone receptor 1-Gi/o mediated signaling Yumiko Saito (Hiroshima University, Japan)
- **P27 Properties of the purified radial spoke of** *Chlamydomonas* **flagella** Hitoshi Sakakibara (National Institute of Information and

Communications Technology, Japan)

- P28 Emergence of multiciliated ependymal cells in the ventricular zone of the aged fish brain Kazunobu Sawamoto (Nagoya City University, Japan)
- P29 The role of calaxin in the propagation of asymmetric waves in sperm flagella Kogiku Shiba (University of Tsukuba, Japan)
- P30 Phosphorylation-dependent interaction of Akt and Inversin at basal body of primary cilia
 Futoshi Suizu (Hokkaido University, Japan)
- P31 A molecular mechanism of neuronal primary cilia formation induced by neurotrophins Michinori Toriyama (Nara Institute of Science and Technology, Japan)
- P32 Regulation of dynein motor activity through the change of axoneme diameter Toshiki Yagi (Prefectural University of Hiroshima, Japan)
- P33 Identification and characterization of axonemal MIPs (microtubule inner proteins)
 Haru-aki Yanagisawa (The University of Tokyo, Japan)
- P34 Determinate and crucial functions of the cartwheel structure in the initiation of human procentriole formation Satoko Yoshiba (National Institute of Genetics, Japan)